Business Administration: Information and Operations Management Terms

- 1. Acquisition
- 2. Amortization
- 3. Assembly line
- 4. Backlog
- 5. Backroom Costs
- 6. Batch size
- 7. Benchmarking
- 8. Bottle-neck
- 9. Building to Customer Order
- 10. Building to Forecast
- 11. Business processes
- 12. Business to business commerce
- 13. Buyback contract
- 14. Capacity
- 15. Capital investment
- 16. Centralization
- 17. Critical path
- 18. Customer Satisfaction
- 19. Decision support systems
- 20. Depreciation
- 21. Direct Labor
- 22. Direct Materials Purchasing
- 23. Distribution
- 24. Documentation
- 25. e-commerce
- 26. Equipment
- 27. Expectations
- 28. Fill Rate
- 29. Flow Time Efficiency
- 30. Forecast
- 31. Indirect Costs
- 32. Information system
- 33. Inventory
- 34. Just in Time
- 35. Layoff
- 36. Lean Manufacturing
- 37. Leveled Production
- 38. Little's Law
- 39. Lot size
- 40. Make to Order vs. Make to Stock
- 41. Mass customization
- 42. Multiple Sourcing
- 43. Net Income
- 44. Operations
- 45. Outsourcing
- 46. Overtime

- 47. Planning horizon
- 48. Postponement
- 49. Process
- 50. Process Analysis
- 51. Product development
- 52. Productivity
- 53. Project management
- 54. Pull System for Material Control
- 55. Quality
- 56. Queue
- 57. Radio frequency identification (RFID)
- 58. Reengineering
- 59. Revenue sharing contract
- 60. Satisfaction
- 61. Scheduling
- 62. Scrap
- 63. Selling and Administrative Cost
- 64. Service
- 65. Service Parts
- 66. Shrinkage
- 67. Single Piece Production
- 68. Supply chain
- 69. Telecommunication
- 70. Utilities
- 71. Value Added
- 72. Variability
- 73. Variety
- 74. Vendor-managed inventory (VMI)
- 75. Waiting time
- 76. Warranty
- 77. Work in Progress
- 78. Workforce
- 79. Yield management