

Neuroscience Terms

1. Active transport, passive transport and facilitated diffusion
2. Adrenaline
3. Aerobic oxidation vs anaerobic oxidation
4. alopecia
5. anaplasia
6. angiogenesis
7. Anorexia nervosa
8. anosmia
9. Antibody
10. Aphasia
11. association fibers
12. Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder
13. Axons
14. Biome
15. Brainstem
16. Carbohydrates
17. Cardiac cycle
18. Cauda equina
19. Cell cycle
20. Cell organelles
21. Cerebellum
22. Choroid Plexus
23. Cingulate Cortex
24. Cortex
25. Dendrites
26. Depolarization
27. Digestion
28. Dopamine
29. Embryo
30. Endorphin
31. epidemiology
32. Epigenesis
33. Erythrocyte vs leukocyte
34. Eukaryotic vs prokaryotic cell
35. Forebrain
36. ganglia
37. glia
38. Glial cells
39. Glycolysis
40. growth factor
41. Habituation
42. hemianopsia
43. hemorrhagic strokes
44. hereditary
45. herniation
46. Heterotroph
47. hippocampus
48. Hormonal coordination
49. hypertension
50. hyposthesia
51. Immunodeficiency
52. interneurons
53. Krebs cycle
54. Lichen or fungi
55. Limbic system
56. malignant
57. Mendel's laws
58. Metabolism
59. Mitosis
60. Motor Coordination
61. Nerve impulse
62. Neuroanatomy
63. Neuroimaging
64. Neuron
65. Neurotransmitters
66. Nucleic acid
67. occipital lobe
68. olfactory pathways
69. Operant conditioning
70. Osmoregulation
71. Phenylethylamine
72. Photoperiodism
73. Phylogenetic tree
74. Pia
75. pituitary gland
76. Plant cell wall
77. Plant vascular tissue
78. pons
79. Presynaptic
80. primary brain tumor
81. prosopagnosia
82. Protein
83. Protozoa
84. Receptor
85. right hemisphere syndrome
86. Root pressure
87. Sagittal
88. Schizophasia
89. Sensory Deprivation

Neuroscience Terms

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| 90. Serotonin | 96. Temporal lobe |
| 91. shunt | 97. thalamus |
| 92. Steroid | 98. Visual agnosia |
| 93. Substance P | 99. Wernicke's area |
| 94. Sulcus | 100. White matter |
| 95. Symobiosis | |